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(« 6.050503 « » »)

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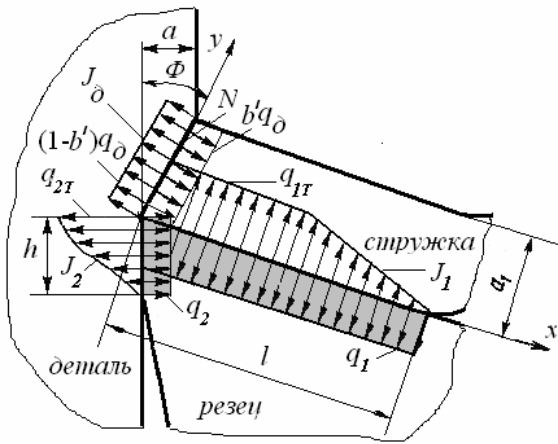
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621.75.008.001.2 (071)

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34 .



1.1 -

$$V \quad : W = P_z V (\quad) . \quad P_z$$

1.1.

$$J \quad : N$$

$$q , \quad J_1$$

q_1

J_2

$q_2 \cdot$

q_1

q_2

$q_1 \quad q_2$

:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{q_1 l}{\lambda} M_1 + \frac{q_2 h}{\lambda} N_2 = I_1 q + 0.75 K_{c1} I_2 \sqrt{kl/h} (q_{1T} - 1.3 q_1); \\ \frac{q_2 h}{\lambda} M_2 + \frac{q_1 l}{\lambda} N_1 = I_1 q T + I_2 (q_{2T} - 1.82 q_2) \end{cases} \quad (1.1)$$

$$I_1 = (1+c) \omega kb' / \lambda V; \quad I_2 = 0.75 K_{c2} \sqrt{\omega h} / \lambda \sqrt{V}; \quad , \quad , \quad -$$

; l -

; h -

; M_1, M_2, N_1, N_2 -

,

; -

; k -

; V -

; -

; b' -

. $1, 2$ -

,

$= 0.77;$

$2 = 0.55).$

$$l = 2a[k(1 - \operatorname{tg}\gamma) + \operatorname{sec}\gamma],$$

$$s = s \cdot \sin \gamma; \quad s = \frac{h}{\sin \gamma}; \quad k = \frac{b}{h} \cdot \sin \gamma; \quad \gamma = \arcsin \frac{b}{h}$$

$$= 0,23 \exp[-40(0,15 - \sigma)^2], \quad 0,001 < \sigma < 0,15,$$

$$\sigma = 4,17 \cdot 10^{-9} n a^2 / \dots; \quad n = \dots$$

$$b' = 1 / (1 + 1,5k / \sqrt{Pe});$$

$$\dots = 10^{-3} V a / 60 \sin \gamma;$$

$$\Phi = \arcsin \left(\cos \gamma / \sqrt{k^2 - 2k \sin \gamma + 1} \right).$$

$$T = \sqrt{1 + l_2 \operatorname{tg} \Phi / 2a} - \sqrt{l_2 \operatorname{tg} \Phi / 2a}.$$

$$q_1, q_2, q:$$

$$q_{1T} = 10^6 V (P_{Z0} \sin \gamma + P_{N0} \cos \gamma) / 60 k b l; \quad q_{2T} = 10^6 \sqrt{3} F V / 6 \sqrt{\pi} b h;$$

$$q = 10^6 V \sin \gamma [P_{Z0} (k - \sin \gamma) - P_{N0} \cos \gamma] / 60 a b k;$$

$$P_{Z0} = P_z - F$$

$$; P_{N0} = P_y - N$$

$$l_{1,2} = (4,88 + 2,64 \lg l_{1,2})^{0,5} l_{1,2}^{-0,85} \quad l_{1,2} > 1,$$

$$N_{1,2} = (0,04 + 0,02 \lg l_{1,2})^{0,6} l_{1,2} \quad (l_2 / l_1) \quad l_{1,2} > 1,$$

$$l_1 = b/l, \quad l_2 = b/h$$

$$; b = \dots$$

$$: b = t / \sin \gamma; \quad (h/l), \quad (l/h)$$

$$q_1 \quad q_2$$

$$q_1 = \frac{K_1 K_3 \lambda_u - K_2 N_2 h + K_1 M_2 h}{K_3 K_4 \lambda_u + M_2 K_4 h - N_1 N_2 l h / \lambda_u}; \quad q_2 = \frac{(K_1 - K_4 q_1) \lambda_u}{N_2 h}, \quad (1.2)$$

$$K_1 = \frac{(1+c)\omega kb'q}{\lambda V} + \frac{K_{c1} q_{1T}}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\omega kl}{V}}; \quad K_2 = \frac{(1+c)\omega kb'q T_u}{\lambda V} + \frac{K_{c2} q_{2T}}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\omega h}{V}};$$

$$K_3 = 1,82 K_{c2} \sqrt{\omega h / V} / \lambda; \quad K_4 = 1,3 K_{c1} \sqrt{\omega kl / V} / \lambda + M_1 l / \lambda_u.$$

1.

q_1 q_2

1.1 -

/					, / ²				
	-	-	-				-	-	
	$t,$	$s,$ /	$v,$ /	$h,$	q_1	q_2	q	q_1	q_2

2.

h

-

q_1 q_2

q_1

q_2

h

-

3.

q_1

q_2

-

q_1

q_2

4.

q_1

q_2

-

q_1

q_2

-

1.

2.

3.

(. 1.1).

4.

q_2

$h.$

q_1

5.

q_1

q_2

6.

-

q_1

q_2

7.

$$\Theta_1(x, y, z) = \frac{\beta q_1 l}{4\pi\lambda_u} \int_0^l dx \int_{-0,5b}^{0,5b} \frac{dz}{\sqrt{(x-x')^2 + z^2 + (z-z')^2}}; \quad (2.1)$$

$$\Theta_2(x, y, z) = \frac{\beta q_2 h}{4\pi\lambda_u} \int_0^h dy \int_{-0,5b}^{0,5b} \frac{dz}{\sqrt{(z-z')^2 + z^2 + (y-y')^2}}. \quad (2.2)$$

, , z - $J(\dots, z); \lambda$ -
 ; K_β -
 : $K_\beta = 4 \quad \beta = 90^\circ; q_1 \quad q_2$ -

$$\Theta(x, y, z) = P_1 T_1(\psi, \eta, \zeta) + P_2 T_2(\psi, \eta, \zeta), \quad (2.3)$$

$P_1 = K_\beta q_1 l / 4\pi\lambda$, $P_2 = K_\beta q_2 h / 4\pi\lambda$ - ; $i(\dots, \eta)$, $z(\dots, \eta)$ -

$$T_1(\psi, \eta, \zeta) = \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{(\psi - \psi')^2 + \eta^2 + (\zeta - \zeta')^2}}; \quad (2.4)$$

$$T_2(\psi, \eta, \zeta) = \int_0^\chi d\eta_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{(\zeta - \zeta')^2 + \psi^2 + (\eta - \eta')^2}}, \quad (2.5)$$

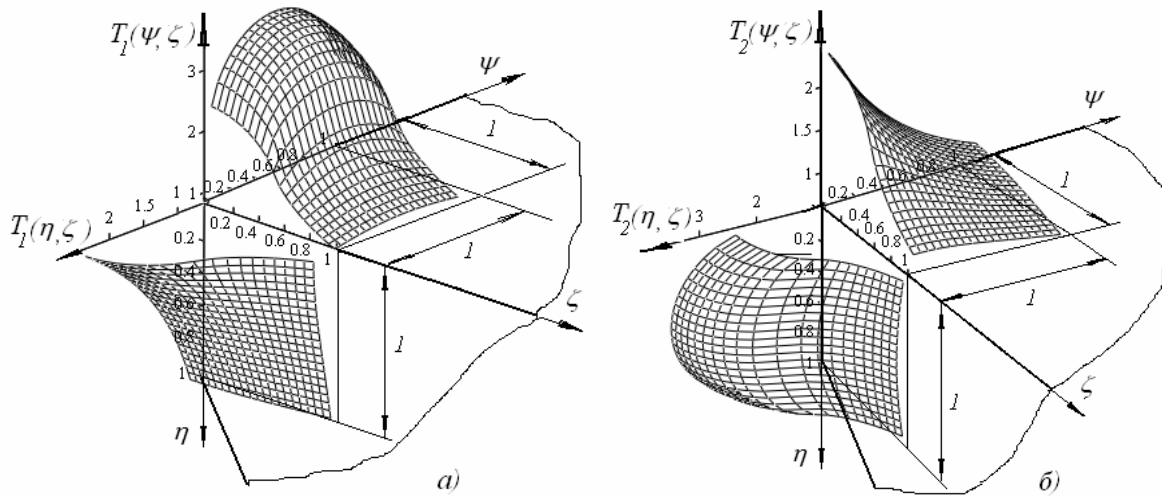
$= x/l$, $u = x_u/l$, $= z/l$, $u = z_u/l$, $\eta = y/l$ - ; $\alpha = 0,5b/l$ -
 ; $\chi = h/l$ -

$z(\dots, \eta)$, $z(\dots, \eta)$ ($= 0$) , $i(\dots, \eta)$, $i(\eta)$, $z(\dots, \eta)$, $z(\eta)$

$$\begin{aligned}
T_1(\psi, \zeta) &= \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{(\psi - \psi_u)^2 + (\zeta - \zeta_u)^2}}; & T_1(\psi) &= \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{(\psi - \psi_u)^2 + \zeta_u^2}}; \\
T_1(\eta, \zeta) &= \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{(\zeta - \zeta_u)^2 + \eta^2 + \psi_u^2}}; & T_1(\eta) &= \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{\psi_u^2 + \eta^2 + \zeta_u^2}}; \\
T_2(\psi, \zeta) &= \int_0^{\chi} d\eta_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{(\zeta - \zeta_u)^2 + \psi^2 + \eta_u^2}}; & T_2(\psi) &= \int_0^{\chi} d\eta_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{\zeta_u^2 + \psi^2 + \eta_u^2}}; \\
T_2(\eta, \zeta) &= \int_0^{\chi} d\eta_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{(\zeta - \zeta_u)^2 + (\eta - \eta_u)^2}}; & T_2(\eta) &= \int_0^{\chi} d\eta_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{\zeta_u^2 + (\eta - \eta_u)^2}}.
\end{aligned}$$

. 2.1

(, , $\chi = 1, \alpha = 1$).



2.1 -

$$T_{ep}(0,0) = \ln \left| \frac{(\sqrt{1+\eta^2} + \eta)}{(\sqrt{1+\eta^2} - \eta)} \right| + 2\eta \ln \left| \frac{\eta}{(\sqrt{1+\eta^2} - 1)} \right|. \quad (2.6)$$

(0.5,0)

$$= 0,5; \quad = 0$$

$$T_{\max} = \ln \left| \frac{\eta + \sqrt{0,25 + \eta^2}}{\sqrt{0,25 + \eta^2} - \eta} \right| + 2\eta \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{0,25 + \eta^2} + 0,5}{\sqrt{0,25 + \eta^2} - 0,5} \right|. \quad (2.7)$$

$$: \Theta_{ep} = 1 \quad ; \quad \Theta_{\max} = 1 \max \cdot$$

1. . , , . -
2. . . -
3. . . -
4. . -
- 2.1 - -

/						-	-	,	
	-	λ , /	t ,	s , /	v , /	q_1 , / ²	l	Θ_{max}	Θ

1. .
2. .
3. . -
4. . , ,
5. .
6. , (. 2.1).
7. .

$$\Theta_P = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} \Theta & l + \Theta & h \end{array} \right) / (l + h). \quad (3.1)$$

$$\Theta_1 = P_1 \left(\int_0^1 T_1(\psi) d\psi + \frac{\chi}{0} \int_0^1 T_1(\eta) d\eta \right) / (1 + \chi) = P_1 T_1 ; \quad (3.2)$$

$$\Theta_2 = P_2 \left(\int_0^1 T_2(\psi) d\psi + \frac{\chi}{0} \int_0^1 T_2(\eta) d\eta \right) / (1 + \chi) = P_2 T_2 , \quad (3.3)$$

$$= x/l, \quad u = x_u/l, \quad = z/l, \quad u = z_u/l, \quad \eta = y/l - ; \alpha = 0,5b/l -$$

$$; \chi = h/l -$$

2 -

$$T_{1cp} = \frac{1}{(1 + \chi)} \left[\int_0^1 d\psi \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{(\psi - \psi_u)^2 + \zeta^2}} + \frac{\chi}{0} \int_0^1 d\eta \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{\psi^2 + \eta^2 + \zeta^2}} \right];$$

$$T_{2cp} = \frac{1}{(1 + \chi)} \left[\int_0^1 d\psi \int_0^{\chi} d\eta_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{\zeta_u^2 + \psi^2 + \eta_u^2}} + \frac{\chi}{0} \int_0^{\chi} d\eta \int_0^{\chi} d\eta_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{d\zeta_u}{\sqrt{\zeta_u^2 + (\eta - \eta_u)^2}} \right].$$

$$\Theta(V, S) = \frac{K_{\beta} l(V, S)}{4\pi\lambda_u} [q_1(V, S) T_1(V, S) + q_2(V, S) T_2(V, S)]. \quad (3.4)$$

$$\Theta_P = [(q_1 l M_1 + q_2 h N_2) l_1 + (q_2 h M_2 + q_1 l N_1) l_1] / \lambda (l + h). \quad (3.5)$$

1. Θ Θ Θ h , -
2. h $\Theta(V,S)$
3. $\Theta(V,S)$
4. $\Theta(V,S)$, -

3.1 –

/	-					, / ²		-	$\Theta(v,s)$
	-	(-)	t,	s,	v,	q_1	q_2	i	

1. .
2. .
2. h
3. , -
4. (.3.1). :
5. $\Theta(V,S)$.

:

$$q_1 \quad q_2 \quad -$$

:

$$q_1 = \frac{K_1 K_3 \lambda_u - K_2 N_2 h + K_1 M_2 h}{K_3 K_4 \lambda_u + M_2 K_4 h - N_1 N_2 l h / \lambda_u}; \quad q_2 = \frac{(K_1 - K_4 q_1) \lambda_u}{N_2 h}, \quad (4.1)$$

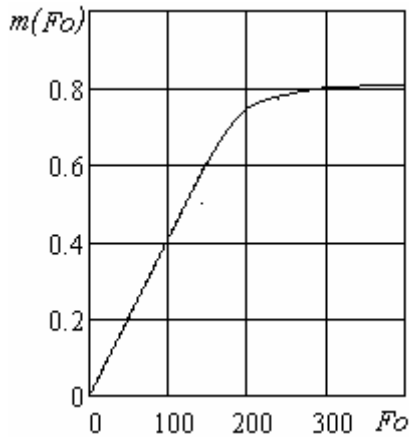
$$K_1 = \frac{(1+c)\omega kb'q}{\lambda V} + \frac{K_{c1} q_1 T}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\omega kl}{V}}; \quad K_2 = \frac{(1+c)\omega kb'q T_u}{\lambda V} + \frac{K_{c2} q_2 T}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\omega h}{V}};$$

$$K_3 = 1,82 K_{c2} \sqrt{\omega h/V} / \lambda; \quad K_4 = 1,3 K_{c1} \sqrt{\omega kl/V} / \lambda + M_1 l / \lambda_u.$$

$$M_1, M_2, N_1, N_2,$$

$$(F_o = \omega \tau / l^2 - m(F_o), \quad):$$

$$N_{1,2} = (4,88 + 2,64 \cdot 10^{-5} g_{1,2})^{-0,85} m(F_o); \quad N_{1,2} = (0,04 + 0,02 \cdot 10^{-6} g_{1,2})^{-1,2} (h/l) m(F_o),$$



4.1 -

$$m(F_o) \quad . \quad 4.1.$$

$$m(F_o) = \begin{cases} 4 \cdot 10^{-3} F_o, & F_o \leq 150; \\ 0,12 F_o^{0,33}, & 150 \leq F_o \leq 300; \\ 4,3 \cdot 10^{-5} F_o + 0,8, & F_o \geq 300. \end{cases}$$

$$\Theta(x, y, z, \tau) = P_o T(\psi, \eta, \zeta, F_o), \quad (5.1)$$

$$P = K_\beta q l / 4 \pi \lambda - ; \quad (\eta, F_o) -$$

:

$$T(\psi, \eta, \zeta, F_o) = \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{\left(1 - \operatorname{erf} \left[\frac{\sqrt{(\psi - \psi)^2 + \eta^2 + (\zeta - \zeta)^2} / 2\sqrt{F_o}}{\sqrt{(\psi - \psi)^2 + \eta^2 + (\zeta - \zeta)^2}} \right]\right)}{d\zeta_u},$$

$$\operatorname{erf}[u] = \left(2/\sqrt{\pi}\right) \int_0^u e^{-u^2} du -$$

$$(\quad = 0, \quad = 0, \eta = 0):$$

$$T(F_o) = \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \left[\left(1 - \operatorname{erf} \left[\sqrt{\psi_u^2 + \zeta_u^u} / 2\sqrt{F_o} \right] \right) / \sqrt{\psi_u^2 + \zeta_u^2} \right] d\zeta_u. \quad (5.2)$$

$t_p,$

$t_p,$

$$\Theta_o(x, y, z, \tau) = P_o T_o(\psi, \eta, \zeta, \infty) \quad [-0.04F_o], \quad (5.3)$$

$(\quad, \quad, \eta, \quad) -$

$$T(\tau) = \begin{cases} T_i(\tau), & t_{(i-1)} \leq \tau \leq (t_p + t_i), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n; \\ T_i(\tau), & (t_p + t_{(i-1)}) \leq \tau \leq t_i. \end{cases}$$

$$T_i(\tau) = \int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \frac{\left(1 - \operatorname{erf} \left[\frac{\sqrt{\psi_u^2 + \zeta_u^u} / 2\sqrt{\omega_o(\tau - (t_p + \Delta t_{i-1}))}}{\sqrt{\psi_u^2 + \zeta_u^2}} \right]\right)}{d\zeta_u};$$

$$T_i(\tau) = T_i(t_p + \Delta t_{i-1}) \quad [-0.04\omega_o(\tau - t_p)]; \quad \Delta t_{i-1} = 0,$$

$\omega = \omega/l^2; t -$

$: t = t_p + t; \Delta \tau_i -$

$(i+1)(t + t_i + \Delta \tau_i)$

$i(t_i).$

$\Delta \tau_i = x_i$

$$\int_0^1 d\psi_u \int_{-\alpha}^{\alpha} \left[\left(1 - \operatorname{erf} \left[\frac{\sqrt{\psi_u^2 + \zeta_u^u} / 2\sqrt{\omega_o(t_p + x_i)}}{\sqrt{\psi_u^2 + \zeta_u^2}} \right] \right) / \sqrt{\psi_u^2 + \zeta_u^2} \right] d\zeta_u.$$

$$= T_i(t_p + \Delta t_{i-1}) \quad [-0.04\omega_o(\tau_h)]$$

1. -

q_1 q_2 F_o

2. $h.$.

3. $F_o.$ (F_o) -

4. τ (τ) (τ) -

5. τ (τ) -

6. $K_T = T / T(\infty),$ -

7. $; () -$ $()$ -

8. $, F_o 100$ $() \cong$ -

9. $(100) \cong 3,5).$ -

1. .

2. .

3. q_1 -

4. q_2 $h.$ F_o -

5. (F_o) -

6. $F_o.$ (τ) τ

7. $, -$ -

8. $, -$ -

9. $, -$ -

10. $, -$ -

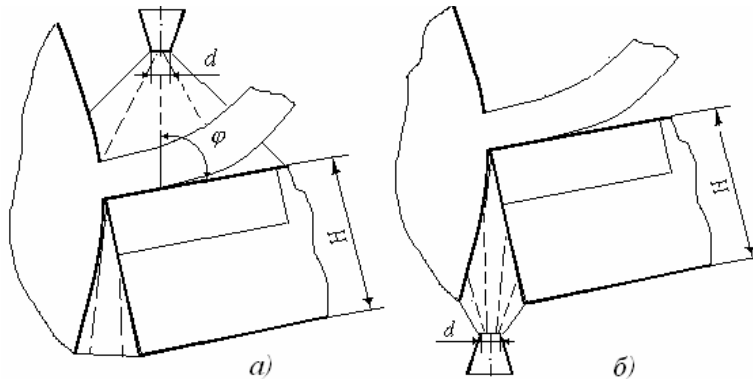
11. $, -$ -

12. $, -$ -

13. $, -$ -

14. $, -$ -

15. $, -$ -



5.1 -

2

(.5.1)

$$Nu_o = 0,28 Re_o^{0,6} Pr_o^{0,36} (Pr_o/Pr_s)^{0,25}; \alpha = 1,9 \cdot 10^3 w^{0,6} / l^{0,4}, \quad (5.1)$$

$Nu = \alpha l / \lambda$; $Re = wl / \nu$; $Pr = \nu / \omega$ -
 ; α - ; w - ; - -
 ; - ; $l = BH / 2(B+H)$ - ,

$$Nu_b = 0,02 Re_o^{0,8} Pr_o^{0,43} (Pr_o/Pr_s)^{0,25}; \alpha_i = 2,6 \cdot 10^3 w^{0,8} / l^{0,2}, \quad (5.2)$$

l - ,

$l =$.

$$w = 4 \cdot 10^3 R / 60 \pi d^2$$

$$\alpha = 1,2 \cdot 10^4 R^{0,6} / l^{0,4} d^{1,2}; \alpha_i = 3 \cdot 10^4 R^{0,8} / l^{0,2} d^{1,6}. \quad (5.3)$$

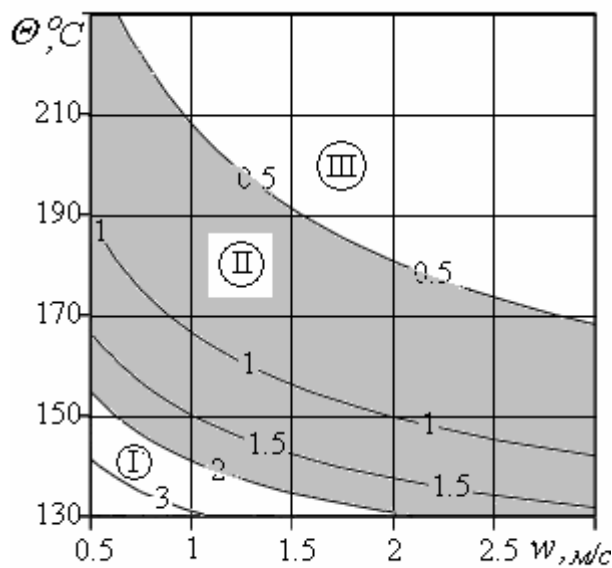
$$\alpha \approx 170(\Theta_S - 100)^{1,86} \quad \Theta_S < 120^\circ;$$

$$\alpha = 3,33 \cdot 10^6 (\Theta_S - 100)^{-1,43} \quad \Theta_S \geq 120^\circ. \quad (5.4)$$

$$\alpha_I \approx \alpha \quad \alpha / \alpha \geq 2;$$

$$\alpha_{II} = \alpha \quad [(4\alpha + \alpha) / (5\alpha - \alpha)] \quad 0,5 \leq \alpha / \alpha \leq 2; \quad (5.5)$$

$$\alpha_{III} \approx \alpha \quad \alpha / \alpha \leq 0,5.$$



5.2 -

α / α
w

Θ

α_{III}

α / α
w

Θ

Θ ,

I

(

w

α

α / α

α

.

II

.

α_{II} .

III

(

α / α

= 0,5)

,

1. - .

2. α .

3. Θ $w.$ () α

4. $w.$ α α α -

5. R $d,$ α α α α -

1. .

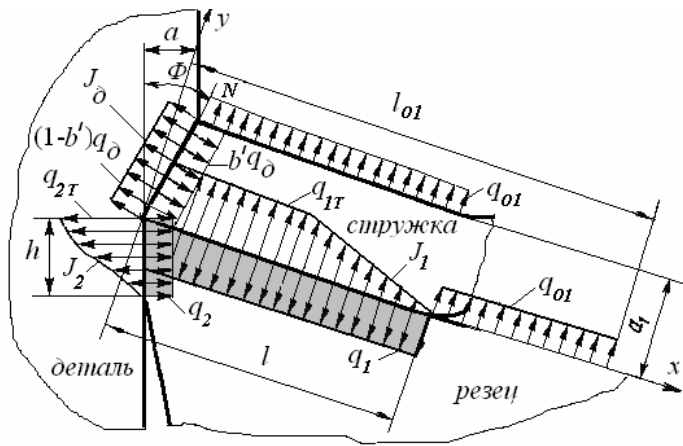
2. .

3. Θ w α -

4. α .

5. w α α -

6. R $d,$, .



6.1 -

(.1.1),

(.6.1)

$l_1 \times l_1$

q_1 :

$$q_{01} = \alpha_{01} \Theta_{cp1} = \alpha_{01} m_{01} \Theta_1, \quad (6.1)$$

$\alpha_1 = \alpha$

Θ_1

Θ_1

$$m_{01} = l_1^{-0,86}, \quad l_1 = 2l_{01}/(b+l)$$

q_1 q_2

$$\begin{cases} p_1 \left(\frac{M_1 l}{\lambda} q_1 + \frac{N_2 h}{\lambda} q_2 \right) = I_1 q_1 + 0.75 K_{c1} I_2 \sqrt{kl/h} (q_1 - 1.3 q_2); \\ \frac{(M_2 - p_2 N_2) h}{\lambda} q_2 + \frac{(N_1 - p_2 M_1) l}{\lambda} q_1 = I_1 q_1 T + I_2 (q_{2T} - 1.82 q_2), \end{cases} \quad (6.2)$$

$$p_1 = \frac{\lambda_u}{\lambda_u + \alpha_{01} m_{01} (l_{01} M_o - l M_1)}; \quad p_2 = \frac{\alpha_{01} m_{01} (l_{01} N_o - l N_1)}{\lambda_u + \alpha_{01} m_{01} (l_{01} M_o - l M_1)};$$

$$I_1 = (1+c) \omega kb' / \lambda V; \quad I_2 = 0.75 K_{c2} \sqrt{\omega h} / \lambda \sqrt{V}, \quad M = 4,88^{-0,85}, \quad N = 0,04 (l_2/l_1)$$

q_2

q_1

$$q_1 = \frac{K_1 K_3 \lambda_u - K_2 N_2 h p_1 + K_1 (M_2 - p_2 N_2) h}{K_3 K_5 \lambda_u + (M_2 - p_2 N_2) K_5 h - N_1 N_2 h / \lambda_u}; q_2 = \frac{(K_1 - K_5 q_{11}) \lambda_u}{N_2 h p_1}, \quad (6.3)$$

$$K_1 = \frac{(1+c)\omega kb'q}{\lambda V} + \frac{K_{c1} q_{1T}}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\omega kl}{V}}; \quad K_2 = \frac{(1+c)\omega kb'q T_u}{\lambda V} + \frac{K_{c2} q_{2T}}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\omega h}{V}};$$

$$K_3 = \frac{1,82 K_{c2}}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\omega h}{V}}; \quad K_5 = \frac{1,3 K_{c1}}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\omega kl}{V}} + \frac{M_1 l p_1}{\lambda_u}.$$

Θ_{11}

Θ_{12}

:

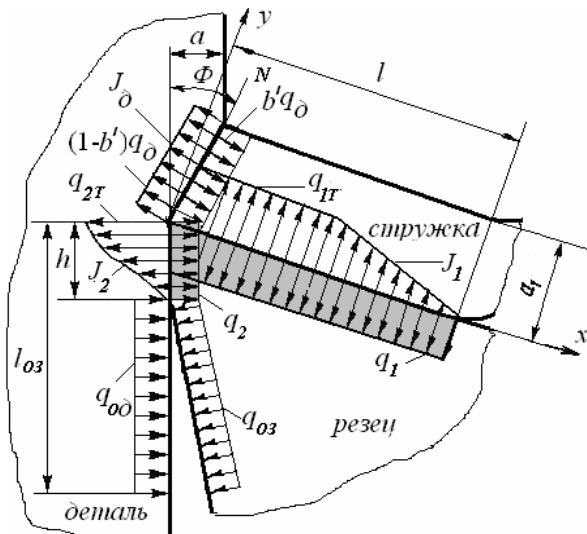
$$\Theta_{11} = p_1 \left(\frac{M_1 l}{\lambda} q_1 + \frac{N_2 h}{\lambda} q_2 \right); \quad \Theta_{21} = \frac{(M_2 - p_2 N_2) h}{\lambda} q_2 + \frac{(N_1 - p_2 M_1) l}{\lambda} q_1. \quad (6.4)$$

:

$$\Theta_P = (\Theta_{11} l + \Theta_{21} h) / (l + h). \quad (6.5)$$

-
-

(.1.1),



6.2 -

(.6.2)

$l_3 x l_3$ -

q_2 :

$$q_{o2} = \alpha_{o2} \Theta_{cp2} = \alpha_{o2} m_{o2} \Theta_2, \quad (6.5)$$

$\alpha_1 = \alpha$ -

; Θ_2 -

; Θ_2 -

$$; ; m_{o2} = 2^{-0,86}, \quad 2 = 2l_{o2}/(b+l) -$$

q_1

q_2

:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{(M_1 - p_4 N_1)l}{\lambda} q_1 + \frac{(N_2 - p_4 M_2)h}{\lambda} = I_1 q + 0.75 K_{c1} I_2 \sqrt{kl/h} (q - 1.3 q_1); \\ p_3 \left(\frac{M_2 h}{\lambda} q_2 + \frac{N_2 l}{\lambda} q_1 \right) = I_1 q T + I_2 (q T - 1.82 q_2), \end{cases} \quad (6.6)$$

$$p_3 = \frac{\lambda_u}{\lambda_u + \alpha_{o2} m_{o2} (l_{o2} M_o - h M_1)}; \quad p_4 = \frac{\alpha_{o2} m_{o2} (l_{o2} N_o - h N_1)}{\lambda_u + \alpha_{o2} m_{o2} (l_{o2} M_o - h M_1)}.$$

$$q_1 \quad i = \frac{K_1 K_3 \lambda_u - K_2 (N_2 - p_4 M_2) h + K_1 M_2 h p_3}{K_3 K_6 \lambda_u + M_2 K_6 h p_3 - N_1 (N_2 - p_4 M_2) l h / \lambda_u}; \quad q_2 \quad i = \frac{(K_1 - K_6 q_{12}) \lambda_u}{(N_2 - p_4 M_2) h}, \quad (6.7)$$

$$K_6 = \frac{1.3 K_{c1} \sqrt{\omega kl}}{\lambda \sqrt{V}} + \frac{(M_1 - p_4 N_1) l}{\lambda_u}$$

$$\Theta_{12} \quad \Theta_{22}$$

$$\Theta_{12} = \frac{(M_1 - p_4 N_1)l}{\lambda} q_1 + \frac{(N_2 - p_4 M_2)h}{\lambda} q_2; \quad \Theta_{22} = p_3 \left(\frac{M_2 h}{\lambda} q_2 + \frac{N_2 l}{\lambda} q_1 \right) \quad (6.8)$$

$$\Theta_P \quad i = (\Theta_{12} l + \Theta_{22} h) / (l + h). \quad (6.9)$$

$$(1.2) \quad (6.3) \quad (6.7) \quad \alpha_1 = 0 \quad \alpha_2 = 0:$$

$$q_1 = \frac{K_1 K_3 \lambda_u - K_2 N_2 h + K_1 M_2 h}{K_3 K_4 \lambda_u + M_2 K_4 h - N_1 N_2 l h / \lambda_u}; \quad q_2 = \frac{(K_1 - K_4 q_1) \lambda_u}{N_2 h}, \quad (6.9)$$

$$K_4 = 1.3 K_{c1} \sqrt{\omega kl/V} / \lambda + M_1 l / \lambda_u$$

$$\Theta = [(q_1 l M_1 + q_2 h N_2) l_1 + (q_2 h M_2 + q_1 l N_1) l_1] / \lambda (l + h). \quad (6.10)$$

$$K_\Theta = \Theta / \Theta; \quad K_\Theta \quad i = \Theta \quad i / \Theta. \quad (6.10)$$

1.

q_1 q_2

2.

6.1 -

/					, / ²		$\Theta, ^\circ\text{C}$
		-	-	-	-	-	
		$t,$	$s,$ /	$v,$ /	q_1	q_2	

4.

1.

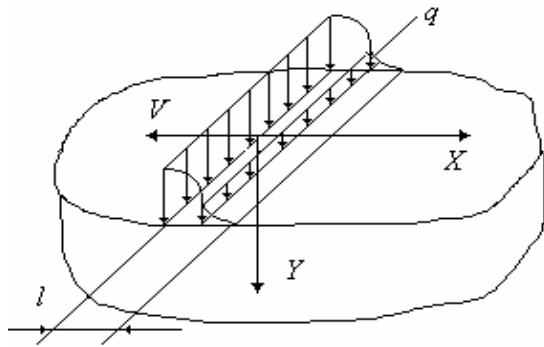
2.

3.

(. 6.1).

5.

6.



7.1 -

(7.1).

P

: $W = PV$.

$$b^* = 1 / \left[1 + 1,18(\lambda_u / \lambda) \sqrt{\omega / Vl} / (2,34 + \ln(\omega_u \tau / l^2)) \right], \quad (7.1)$$

$\lambda, \lambda, \omega, \omega$ -

, τ -

, l -

F

: $q = b^* PV / F$.

$$\Theta(x, y) = \frac{q \sqrt{\omega}}{2\lambda \sqrt{\pi V}} \int_0^x \frac{f(x_u) dx_u}{\sqrt{x - x_u}} \exp\left(-\frac{Vy^2}{4\omega(x - x_u)}\right) = P_o T(\psi, \nu), \quad (7.2)$$

$P_o = ql / \lambda \sqrt{\pi Pe}$ -
 (ψ, ν) -

; $Pe = Vl$ -

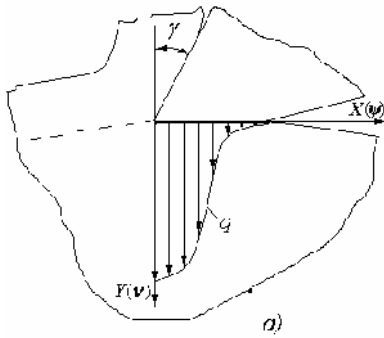
;

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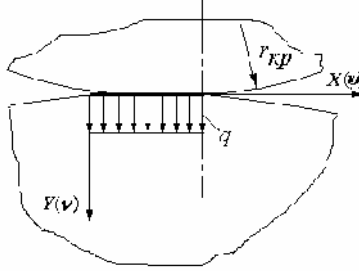
$$T(\psi, \nu) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\Delta} \frac{f(\psi_u) d\psi_u}{\sqrt{\psi - \psi_u}} \exp\left(-\frac{Pe}{4} \cdot \frac{\nu^2}{\psi - \psi_u}\right),$$

$f(\psi_u)$ -

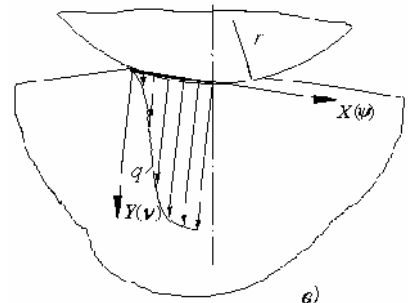
7.2.



a)



b)



c)

7.2 -

-),

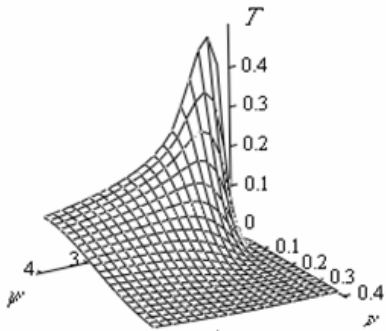
-),

-)

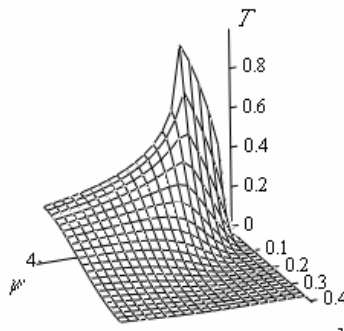
(ψ)

(ν)

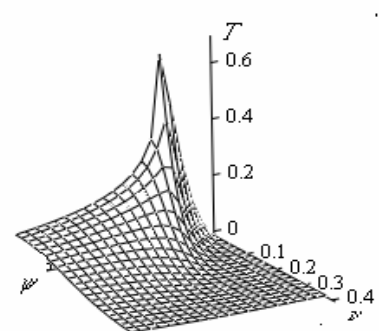
7.3



a)



b)



c)

7.3 -

-),

-),

-)

$$f(\psi_u) = \exp[-k_0(\psi_u)^2]; \quad f(\psi_u) = 1; \quad f(\psi_u) = \exp[-k_0(1-\psi_u)^2]$$

0)

(

ψ = 1)

:

(ψ) (

ν =

$$T(\psi) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{f(\psi_u) d\psi_u}{\sqrt{\psi - \psi_u}}; \quad T(\nu) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{f(\psi_u) d\psi_u}{\sqrt{1 - \psi_u}} \exp\left(-\frac{Pe}{4} \cdot \frac{\nu^2}{1 - \psi_u}\right)$$

max

Θ_{max}:

$$T_{\max} = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{f(\psi_u) d\psi_u}{\sqrt{1 - \psi_u}}; \quad \Theta_{\max} = P_o T_{\max}.$$

1.

q

2.

(ψ, ν)

3.

7.1 –

/					$q, / ^2$	-	max	Θ_{\max} ,
		$t,$	$s,$ /	$\nu,$ /				

4.

(ψ)

5.

(ν)

(ν)

1.

2.

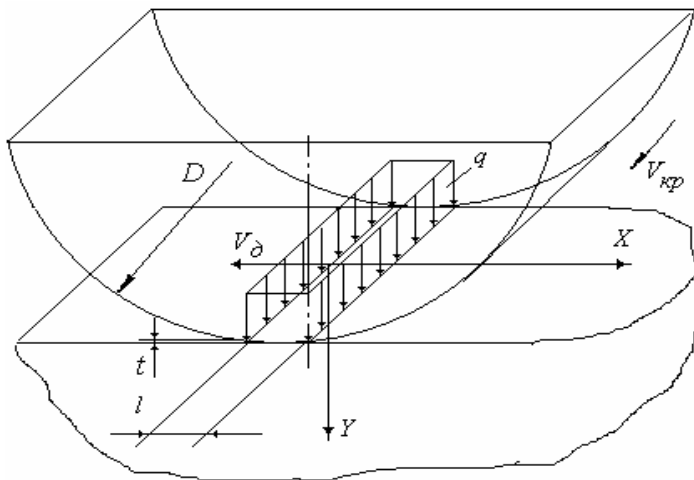
3.

4.

5.

6.

(.7.1).



8.1 –

(.8.1).

, D – L :
().

l

$$L = \sqrt{tD}, (t -$$

$$V = P_z \cdot W = P_z V \quad (8.1)$$

$$\alpha = 1/1,25 \lambda / \lambda \sqrt{\omega / BV + 1}; \beta = 1/1 + \tau \sqrt{4V / \pi l \omega}$$

$\lambda, \lambda, \omega, \omega$

$$: l = L.$$

80-90%.

$$q = (0,8 - 0,9) P_z V / BL.$$

$$\Theta(x, y) = \frac{q}{2\pi\lambda} \int_0^l \exp\left(-\frac{V_S(x-x_u)}{2\omega}\right) K_0\left[\frac{V_S \sqrt{(x-x_u)^2 + y^2}}{2\omega}\right] dx_u = P_O T(\psi, \nu), \quad (8.2)$$

x, y

$; V_S$

$; x_u$

$; o(u)$

$$: K_0(u) \approx (\pi/2u)^{0.5} \exp[-u];$$

$$P = ql/2\pi\lambda$$

$; (\psi, \nu)$

$$(\psi = x/l; \nu = y/l)$$

$$; Pe = Vl$$

$$T(\psi, \nu) = \int_0^1 \exp[0,5Pe(\psi - \psi_u)] K_0\left[0,5Pe\sqrt{(\psi - \psi_u)^2 + \nu^2}\right] d\psi_u.$$

$$\max(\psi, \nu) = \max(1,0):$$

$$T_{\max} = (\pi^m / 1 - m) Pe^m \cdot \Theta_{\max} = P_O T_{\max}$$

$$) V > 10 / L,$$

$$Pe > 10,$$

(7.2),

$$\max(\psi, \nu) = \max(1,0) = 1.$$

$$\Theta_{\max} = ql / \lambda \sqrt{\pi Pe}$$

1.

2.

3. $(\psi,)$

$\max(I,)$.

$\max(I,)$.

$(\psi,)$

8.1 –

/	$D,$				$q, / ^2$	-	max	$\Theta_{\max},$
		$t,$	$s,$ /	$V,$ /				

3.

V

–

$D,$
 $\Theta_{\max}.$

t

$\Theta_{\max}(D), \Theta_{\max}(t), \Theta_{\max}(V).$

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

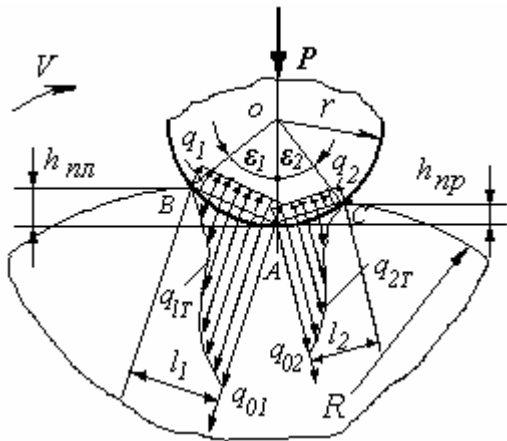
$D,$

t

$V : \Theta_{\max}(D), \Theta_{\max}(t), \Theta_{\max}(V).$

$(\psi,)$

–



9.1 -

6 - 7 ;

$$l_1 = 0,5 l_2,$$

$$0,017 l_1; l_2 = 0,009 l_1.$$

: q_1 -

q_2 -

(

$q_{01} q_{02}$).

q_1

q_2

$$\begin{cases} \frac{q_1 l_1}{\lambda} M_1 + \frac{q_2 l_2}{\lambda} N_2 = K_1 (K_c q_{01} - q_1) ; \\ \frac{q_2 l_2}{\lambda} M_2 + \frac{q_1 l_1}{\lambda} N_1 = [K_2 - K_1 (q_2 \sqrt{\beta} + \chi_2 q_1)] , \end{cases} \quad (9.1)$$

$$K_1 = 4K_o \sqrt{\omega l_1} / 3\lambda \sqrt{V}, \quad K_2 = K_c K_1 (q_{02} \sqrt{\beta} + \chi_1 q_{01}),$$

M_1, M_2, N_1, N_2 -

$$; \quad = 0,87-$$

$$b; \quad = 0,55-$$

$$; \quad = l_2/l_1;$$

$$l_1 = 0,6, \quad l_2 = 0,75.$$

$$M_{1,2} = 0,061 + 0,033 \eta_{1,2}^{0,5} \lg \eta_{1,2}; \quad N_{1,2} = 0,0573 \eta_{1,2} \rho_{1,2}^{-1/\eta_{1,2}^{0,66}},$$

$$l_1 = b/l_1, \quad l_2 = b/l_2 \quad (l_1, l_2 > l); \quad l_1 = l + l_2/l_1; \quad l_2 = l + l_1/l_2.$$

$$q_{01} = F_1 V / b l_1 = V (P_T - 0,25 b l_2 \mu \sigma) / b l_1; \quad q_{02} = \sqrt{3} b l_2 \mu \sigma V / 8 \sqrt{\pi} b l_2,$$

$$; b = (l_1 + l_2) ((R+r)R)^{0,5}; \quad ; \mu - \quad ; - \quad ; -$$

$$q_1 = \frac{[K_2 N_2 - K_c K_1 q_{01} (N_2 I - M_2)] \lambda_u}{l_1 (N_1 N_2 - M_1 M_2 - M_1 N_2 I) - K_1 \lambda_u (M_2 + N_2 I - N_2 \chi_2)}; \quad (9.2)$$

$$q_2 = I [(K_c q_{01} - q_1) - M_1 q_1 l_1] / \sqrt{\beta}, \quad I = K_1 \lambda_u \sqrt{\beta} / N_2 l_2 \quad (9.3)$$

$$\Theta(x, y) = P_o T(\psi, \nu) = \frac{K_o l_1 q_{01}}{2 \lambda \sqrt{\pi} P e} \sum_{i=1}^4 n_i \int_0^{\Delta} \frac{f_i(\psi_u) d\psi_u}{\sqrt{\psi - \psi_u}} \exp\left(-\frac{P e \nu^2}{4 \psi - \psi_u}\right). \quad (9.4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (,) - \quad ; \quad = x/l_1, \quad u = x_u/l_1, \quad = y/l_1 - \quad - \\ & ; l_1 - \quad ; P = \quad - \\ & K l_1 q_{01} / 2 \lambda (\pi) ^{0,5} - \quad ; Pe = V l_1 / \quad - \quad ; V - \quad - \\ & ; \Delta - \quad : \Delta = \psi \quad 0 \leq \psi \leq l \quad \Delta = l \quad \psi > \\ & l; n_i = q_i / q_{01} - \quad , \\ & : n_1 = 1, n_2 = q_{02} / q_{01}, n_3 = q_1 / q_{01}, n_4 = q_2 / q_{01}; f(\psi) - \end{aligned}$$

$$\Theta_{\max}(l, y), \quad - \quad \max(I,):$$

$$\Theta_{\max}(l, y) = P_o \left[\int_0^{\Delta} \frac{e^{-3(1-\psi_u)^2}}{\sqrt{1-\psi_u}} d\psi_u e^{\left(-\frac{P e \nu^2}{4 1-\psi_u}\right)} + \int_0^{\Delta} \frac{n_3 d\psi_u}{\sqrt{1-\psi_u}} e^{\left(-\frac{P e \nu^2}{4 1-\psi_u}\right)} \right]. \quad (9.5)$$

$$\Theta_{\max}(l, 0), \quad - \quad \max(I, 0):$$

$$\Theta_{\max} = P_o \left[\int_0^{\Delta} \frac{e^{-3(1-\psi_u)^2}}{\sqrt{1-\psi_u}} d\psi_u + n_3 \int_0^{\Delta} \frac{d\psi_u}{\sqrt{1-\psi_u}} \right]. \quad (9.5)$$

1.

q_{01} q_{02} -
 q_1
 q_2

9.1 -

/				, / ²			
	$r,$	-	$v,$			-	-
	,	/	q_{01}	q_{02}	q_1	q_2	

2.

$(\psi,)$
 $\max(I,)$.
 $(\psi,)$

$\max(I,)$.

3.

$r,$

Θ_{max} .

V

$\Theta_{max}(r), \Theta_{max}(), \Theta_{max}(V)$.

4.

$r,$

Θ_{max}

V

$$(r, , V) = C r^m n V^p,$$

C

$, m, n, p -$

1.

2.

3.

$\max(I,)$.

$(\psi,)$

4.

$r,$

$V: \Theta_{max}(r), \Theta_{max}(),$

$\Theta_{max}(V)$.

5.

$r,$

$V:$

$(r, , V)$.

6.

1. ... „ “ ... “ ”. - .: , 1990. - 288 .
2. ... , 1981. - 279 .
3. ... , 1986. - 153 .
4. ... , 1992. - 288 .
5. ... , 1991. - 240 .
6. ... , 1990. - 512 .
7. ... / ... , 1986. - 232 .
8. ... / ... , ... , 1988. - 736 .
9. ... 2- 2 / 1985. - 496 .
10. ... 2- 1 / 1985. - 496 .
11. ... / ... , ... - ... ,- .: i , 1983. - 239 .

1	4
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2	8
3	11
4	13
5	16
6	19
7	23
8	26
	-
9	29
-	32

(« 6.050503 « » »)

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